



e-DEMOCRACY

ICT - A DRIVER FOR IMPROVING DEMOCRACY

12-14 September 2010, Ohrid, Republic of Macedonia

Advanced Infrastructure as a Foundation for e-Democracy Solutions

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Introduction

- Why do we need underlying infrastructure for e-Democracy solutions
- What are the characteristics of such infrastructure
 - Secure
 - Available
 - Expandable
 - Interoperable
 - Manageable

Current environment

- Isolated Islands, silos
- Difficult or No integration at all
- Poor scalability, difficult management, questionable security
- No high availability or disaster recovery

Automated e-mail management system?	2007	2008
Yes	21%	21%
Planning or considering	32%	25%
No and not planning or considering	47%	54%

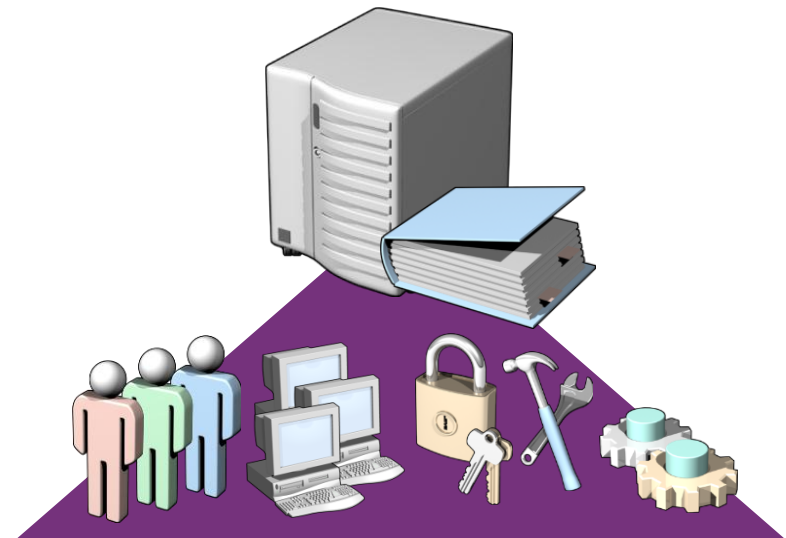
Source: World e-Parlament Report
Survey 2009,

Modern ICT Infrastructure Ingredients

- Directory services
- Messaging & collaboration
- Security
- Mobility
- High availability and disaster resilience
- Virtualization
- Management

Directory Service

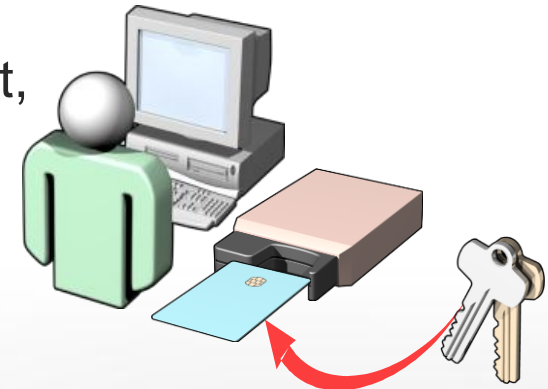
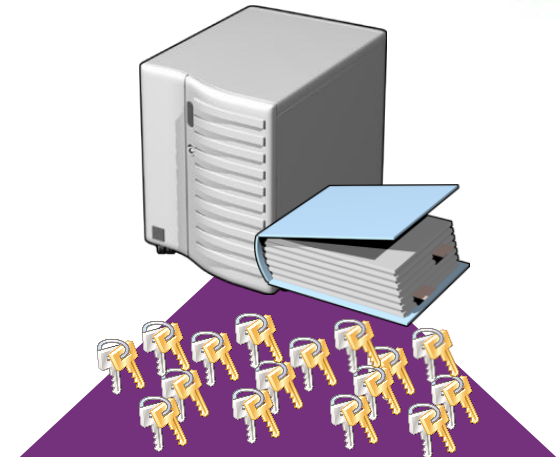
- Stores directory data
- Manages communication between users and domains,
 - including user logon processes, authentication, and directory searches
- Manage policies applied to users and computers



*Microsoft Active Directory is
most commonly used Directory
Services*

Directory services - Extensions

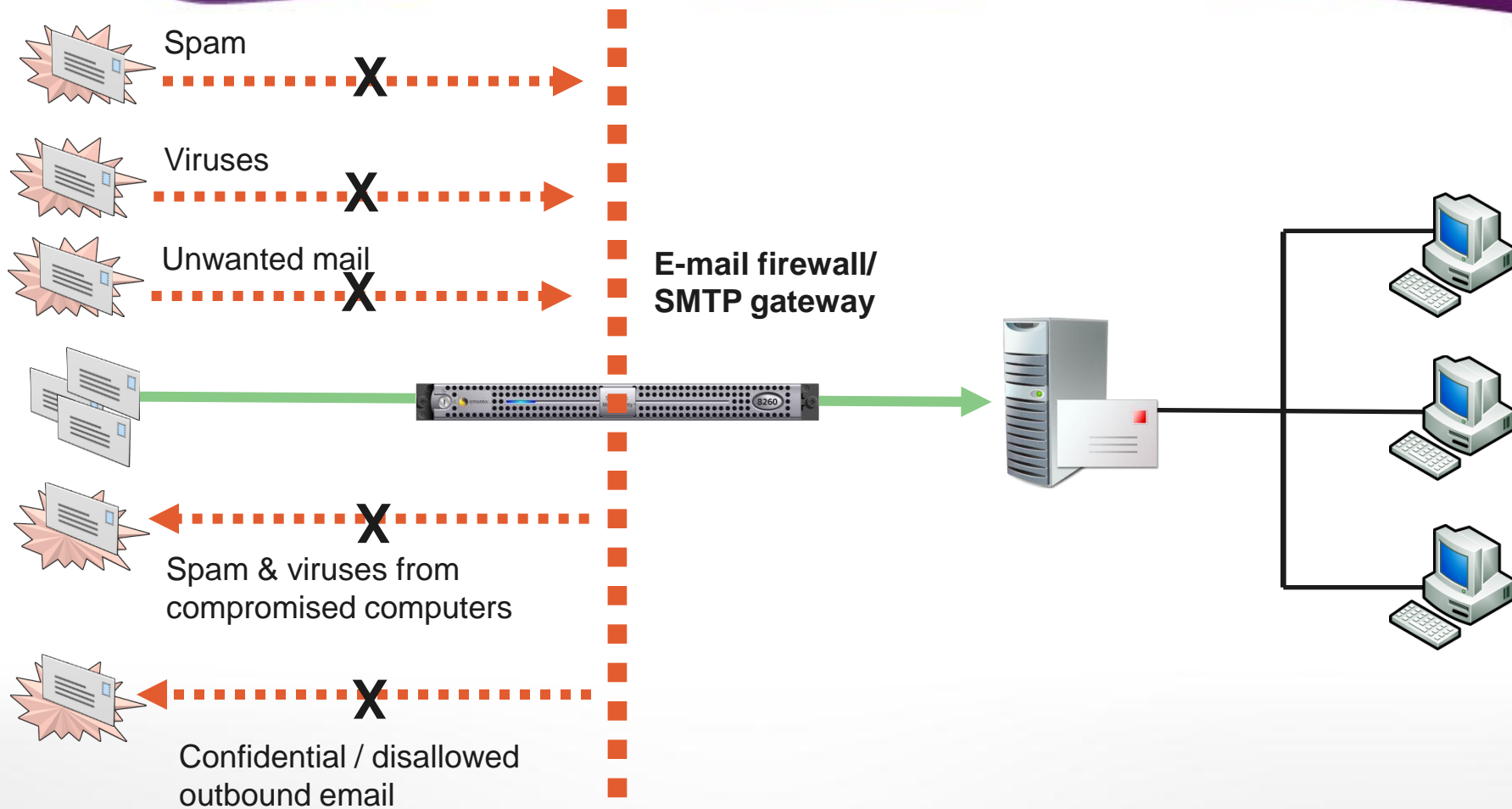
- Certificate Services – PKI
 - Services for issuing digital certificates for authentication between devices, users, and applications.
 - enables secure exchange of information
 - strong authentication
 - and secure communication across the Internet, extranets, intranets, and applications
- Digital Rights Management
 - help prevent sensitive information from intentionally or accidentally getting into the wrong hands



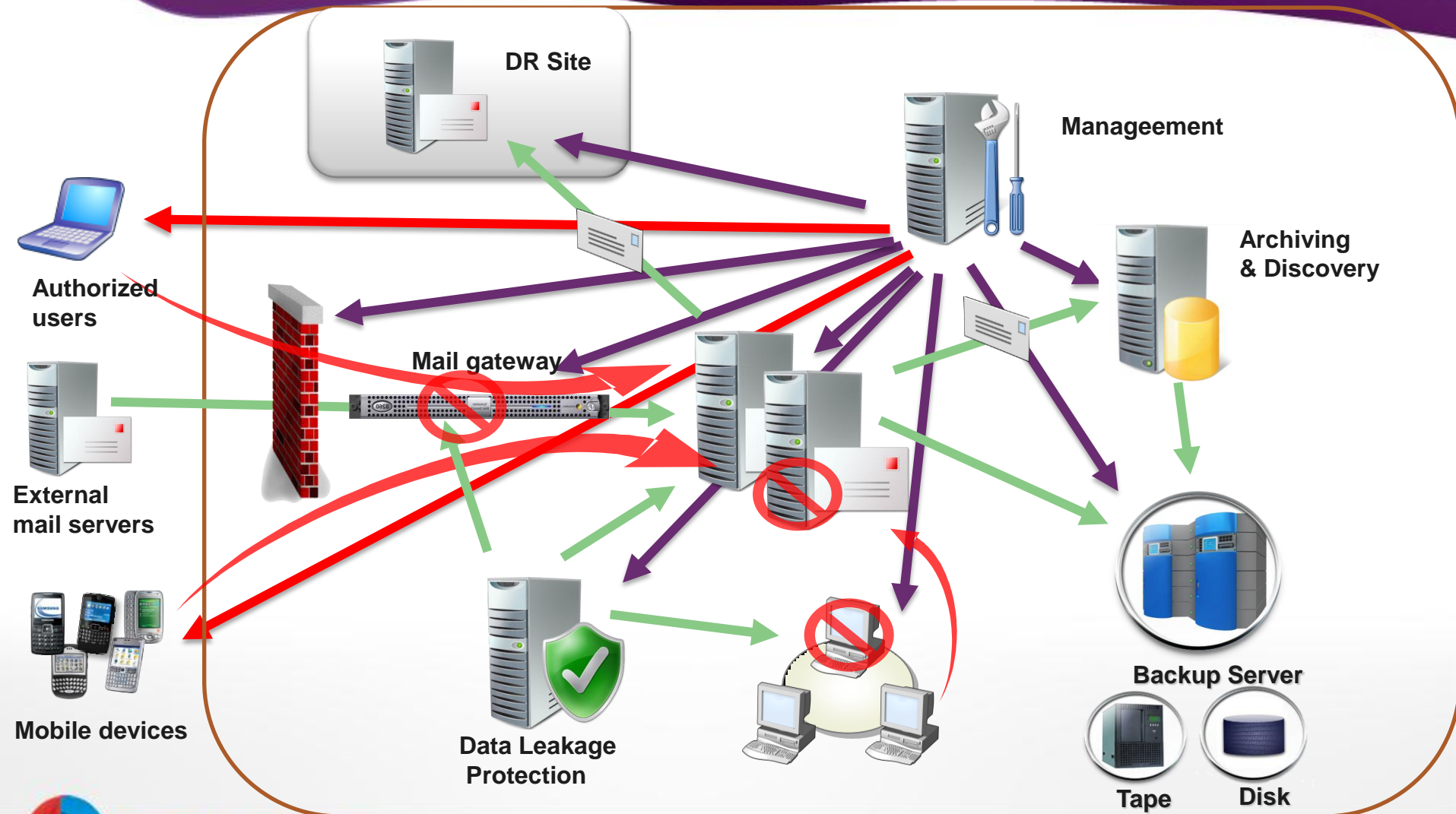
Messaging – Unified communication

- Unified communication enhances e-mail messaging
 - E-mail, instant messaging, voicemail, fax
- Securely Accessible from anywhere
 - and any device
- Accessible anytime (high availability, disaster recovery)
- Keeping messaging hygiene
- Retention policies, archiving
- Must support ever incising volumes of data

Messaging Hygiene

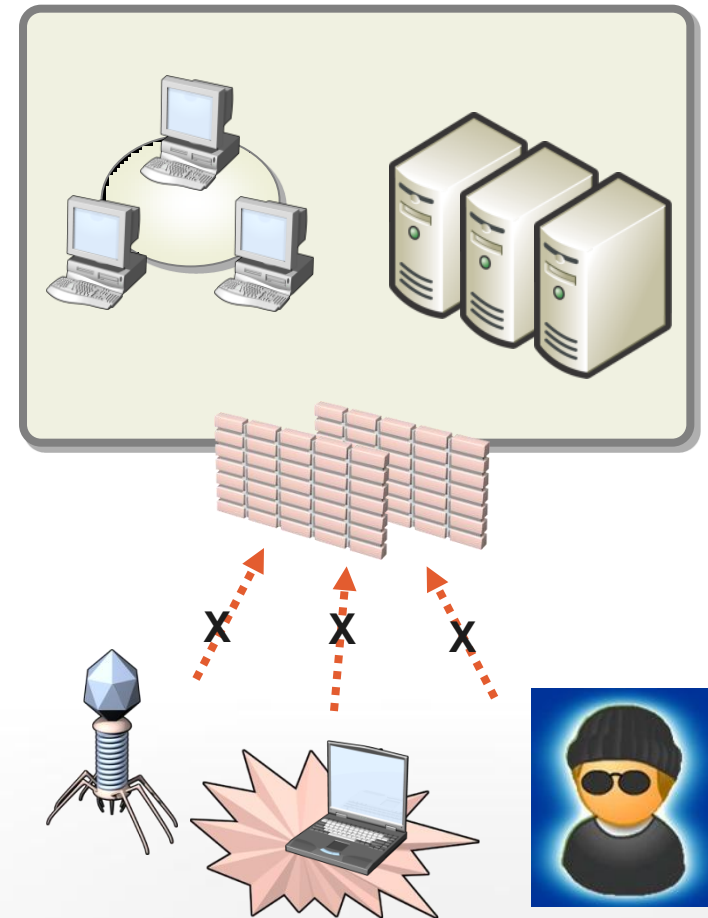


Messaging continued



Security

- Ongoing process
- Defense in depth
 - Perimeter
 - Firewalls, content filtering & control, mail gateways, IPS
 - Wireless
 - Securing server & workstations
 - Patching & updating
 - Antivirus & antyspyware
 - Securing stored data and in transport
 - Network – NAP
 - People & processes



Mobility

- Allow authenticated users to access information anytime
- Not a commodity, it's a must
- Until now – e-mail access, limited access to portals
- VPN for full network access
 - Limited from some networks and hotels

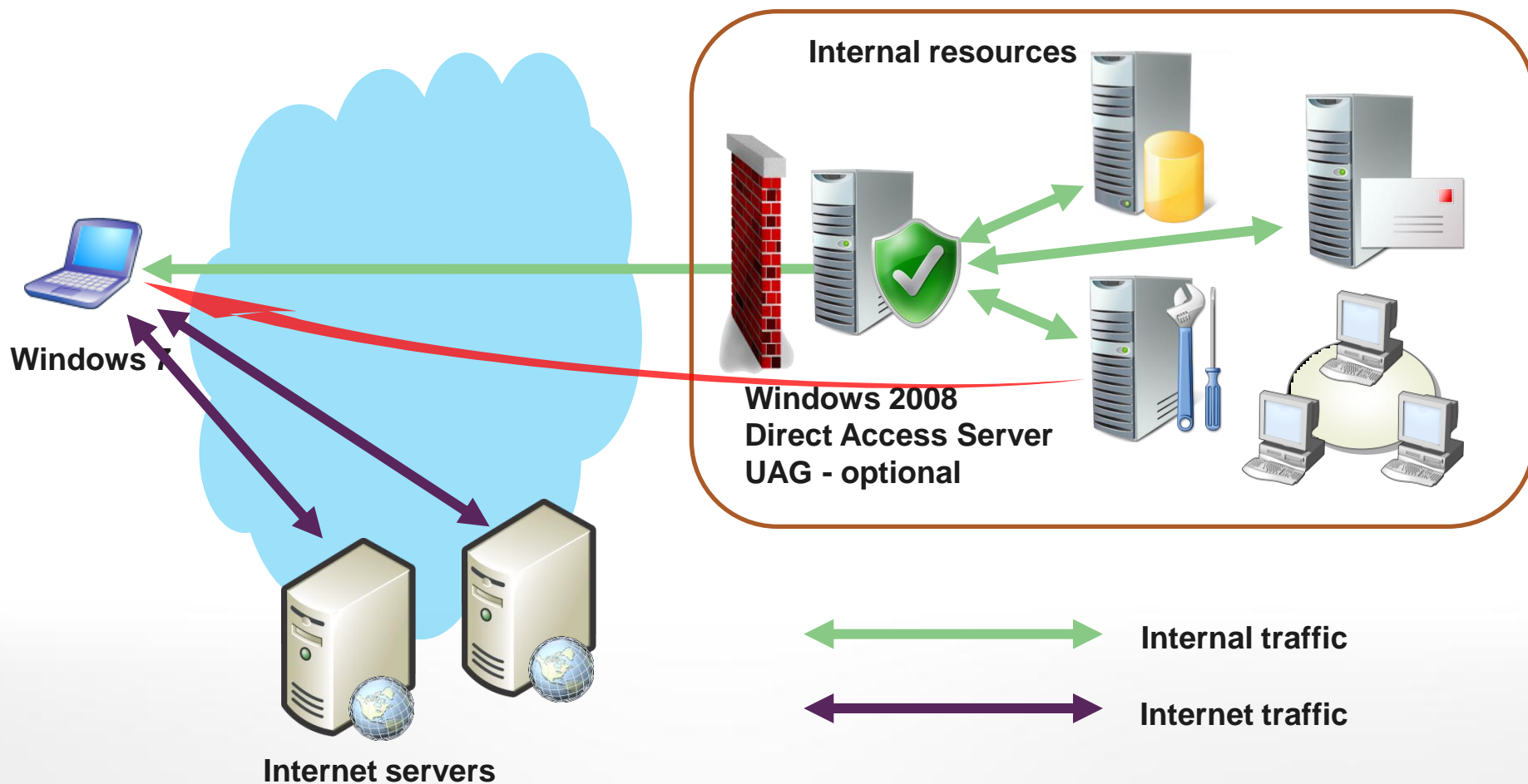


Mobility, continued

- What if you can securely access your internal resources anytime you get internet connection?
- Always ON scenario is possible
- Always (secure) access to internal information, services and applications
- Always on also means always managed by administrators policies
 - Updates, antivirus definitions, new or changed policies...

- Direct Access Technology
 - Windows 2008 R2 and Windows 7 (enterprise/ultimate)
 - Unified Access Gateway (optional)
- Uses IPv6, IPSec, PKI, NAP for strong authentication encryption and client health validation
- Can also use certificates and smartcards for user authentication as additional layer of security

Mobility, Continued



High Availability and Disaster Resilience

- Everybody wants uninterrupted services!
- Define and prioritize your mission critical services?
- What is the required uptime for those
 - 99.9? 99.99? 99.999? 99.999999.....99?
- More nines often means more \$\$\$\$\$ (licenses and HW)
- Start by defining RTO & RPO
- Combine different technologies and products to achieve your goals
- Do not forget about backup, regardless all other HA/DR mechanisms in place

High Availability and Disaster Resilience

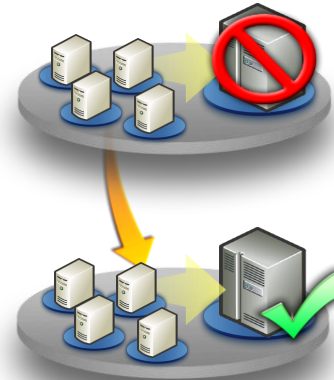
- Simple, low cost scenario for business continuity



- Hot topic, helping to make ICT greener
- Virtualizing everything
 - Server virtualization, application virtualization , desktop/session virtualization
- Already available good HA mechanisms and dynamic memory management
- Also introducing challenges:
 - Security
 - Management
 - Backup

Virtualisation, continued

- Production server consolidation
 - Consolidate low-utilization workloads
 - Legacy OS and application re-hosting
 - Resource partitioning (limit resources per VM)
- Business continuity management
 - Workload deployment and provisioning
 - OS and application patching (swap VMs)
 - Isolation / sandboxing
- Dynamic data center
 - Workload mobility
- Development and test
 - Rapid provisioning of multiple virtual machines
 - Undo-disk and save state helpful



- Managing Servers (physical or virtual), workstation even mobile devices
 - Operating System Deployment
 - Software Distribution
 - Software Update Management
 - Asset Intelligence
 - Desired Configuration Management
- Recommendation to use specialized suites
 - Symantec Altiris suit
 - Microsoft System Center portfolio

How to get there

- 1 Define long term goals
- 2 Research available solutions and technologies
- 3 Divide large infrastructure project into phases
- 4 Invest in people

“ It is not the beauty of a building you should look at; its the construction of the foundation that will stand the test of time. ”

David Allan Coe



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Thank You

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